

# WELCOME TO THE INTERNATIONAL POWERLIFTING ASSOCIATION GENERAL RULES

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### I. General Rules: Meet Results Submission

Effective 4/1/2023, the IPA will not accept meet results in a format different from what is accepted by Open Powerlifting. See attached sample spreadsheet: <u>IPA MeetResults OPL</u>. All results must be submitted in pounds.

### II. General Rules: State Championships

- A. Each state is permitted one state championship per year. In order for the IPA to sanction a state championship, the following must occur:
  - 1) The competition must be full power.
  - 2) The event must be promoted on the IPA website as a "State Championship."
  - 3) For lifters to be able to set state records, they must be a resident of that state.
- B. The state chair must approve the meet director's sanction request and the date of the meet if the state chair is not the meet director.
- 1. The International Powerlifting Association (IPA) recognizes the following lifts:

### A. Lifts and Sequence

- 1. Squat
- 2. Bench
- 3. Deadlift
- 4. Total

The **total score** for each lifter is derived by adding the three heaviest lifts (squat, bench and deadlift) successfully completed and passed by the judges.

Each of the three lifts must follow the same sequence as noted above in all competitions conducted under IPA rules.

### B. Sanctioned Validity for Competition and Lifts

The IPA recognizes as valid only those lifts and/or totals performed in accordance with IPA rules at an officially sanctioned event.

Lifters may not change his/her category (division/subdivision) selection after the meet is completed and the awards are dispersed.

# 2. The IPA recognizes and registers IPA World records within the following categories:

- 1. **Teenage:** up to 13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19 (Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Pro)
- 2. **Junior:** 20-23 (Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Professional)
- 3. **Open:** 20 and older (Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Professional).
- 4. **Submaster:** 33-39 (Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Professional)
- 5. **Master:** 40-44, 45-49, 50-54, 55-59, 60- 64, 65-69, 70-74, 75-79, 80+ (Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Professional)
- 6. **Men's and Women's Police:**(Amateur Equipped, Professional Equipped, Raw Amateur, Raw Professional)

# 3. <u>Body Weight Categories</u>

Men's		Women's		
Kilograms	Pounds	Kilograms	<b>Pounds</b>	
52	114.5	0-44	97.0	
56	123.25	48	105.75	
60	132.25	52	114.5	
67.5	148.75	56	123.25	
75	165.25	60	132.25	
82.5	181.75	67.5	148.75	
90	198.25	75	165.25	
100	220.25	82.5	181.75	
110	242.5	90	198.25	
125	275.5	*100	220.25	
140	308.5	*110	242.5	
140.01-unlimited	SHW	*125	275.5	
		*140	308.5	
		*140.01-unlimited	SHW	

<sup>\*</sup>Effective 1/1/2022

### 4. Composition of a Team

Each registered IPA Team may submit a minimum of three (3) and a maximum of twelve (12) lifters to be in contention for team points. These lifters can be spread throughout the range of weight classes for men and women, not to be more than two (2) competitors in any particular weight class. Each team will be allowed a maximum of three (3) alternates or reserve lifters. All team rosters must be in the hands of the Meet Director or the person who is in charge of the scorer's table one-half hour prior to the beginning of the competition. A Team Entry Form must be received by the Meet Director 30 days in advance of applicable meet date.

### 5. <u>Team Points Scoring</u>

Point scoring shall be as follows for the first five places: 10, 5, 3, 2, and 1. Team awards will be given to the top one (1) to three (3) teams; the team with the most first places getting the nod over the other teams. If both teams have an equal number of first places, then the most second, third, fourth, and so on will determine the winner. Team awards can be made available to the top three (3) teams at all National and International meets.

# 7. The Round System will be used at all IPA meets.

### 8. Weight Calibration

The Meet Director decides whether to use pound or kilogram weights in the meet. For national and international meets, platform weights must be weight certified within 30 days of the meet. A certified weigh-in scale must be provided at all meets where World, National, and All-Time records will be attempted. Verification of scale certification must be sent to the home office.

### 9. Special Rules

There are certain exceptions for high school, prison or Special Olympic meets: Standard mandatory equipment is optional. Shoes, snug fitting shorts, and t-shirts **can** be worn.

# **EQUIPMENT AND SPECIFICATIONS**

# 1. Platform

The platform must be 12 ft. x 12 ft. constructed of wood covered with full-loop, firmly secured low pile rug or non-slip rubber for a full powerlifting meet, and 8 ft. x 8 ft. for single and double lift meets (except for squat meets when the platform must be 12 ft. x 12 ft.). For the safety of the participants and spectators, an adequate area must be roped off around the platform. Only the lifter, designated spotters, loaders and referees are allowed on the competition platform. Any adjustments to the equipment on the platform or the platform itself will be designated by the referees and/or Meet Director.

### 2. Bars

All bars must be of the Olympic type. Specifically, designated squat, bench press or dead lift bars may be used. There should be a diameter machine marking on the bar should be taped to measure 81 cm or 31-7/8 inches between markings or tape. National and international competitions require the use of specialty bars to include a squat specific bar, bench specific bar, and a dead lift specific bar (with no center knurling). The bars used in the warm-up area must be the same as that used on the lifting platform. Any lifter attempting an "All-Time" World Record in the bench press in the Open category may use his/her bar of choice.

### 3. Collars

Collars will always be used. They each must weigh 2.5 kg. or 5 lbs. so that the total weight of the bar with collars is 25kg. or 55 lbs. or heavier with collars if using the squat specific bar.

### 4. Plates

Plates will range from 1.25 kg. - 45 kg. or in pounds 2.5 lbs. through 100 lbs. Plates .5 kg. and .25 kg. may be

used for record purposes only. The heaviest plate must be loaded first facing in, with the rest of the plates loaded facing out heaviest to lightest.

# 5. **Squat Racks**

A Monolift-type squat rack is required on the competition platform for local, state, National, and World meets. At least one (1) or as many as needed are required in the warm-up area based on the number of participants.

### 6. Bench

Bench meets require two benches and a replica of the competition bar for use in the warm-up area. The bench shall be of sturdy construction for maximum stability and conform to the following dimensions:

- **A.** Length not less than 1.22 m. (4 feet) and shall be flat and level. The width shall be 29-37 cm. (11.42 inches to 14.56 inches).
- **B.** Height- Max height 18.75 inches measured from the floor or raised surface added for the lifter's feet to the top of the padded surface of the bench without being depressed or compacted. On adjustable benches, the height of the uprights shall be a minimum of 82-100 cm. (32-1/4 to 39 inches) maximum position. On non-adjustable benches the height of the measured from the floor to the bar rest uprights must be between 87-100 cm. (34.25 inches to 39.37 inches) from the floor to the bar rest position.
- C. Maximum width between insides of bar rests 1.10m. (3 feet -7-1/8 inches).

### 7. Lights

A system of lights must be provided whereby the referees make known their decisions. Each referee will control a white and a red light, the white light representing a legal lift and a red light denoting an illegal lift.

# PERSONAL EQUIPMENT – For "Geared" Lifting

1. A one-piece suit is required for all meets except those earlier excluded. The lifting suit leg may not touch any part of the knee or knee wrap. AMATEUR DIVISION –any number of layers is allowed. PROFESSIONAL DIVISION – any number of layers is allowed. There is no restriction on the thickness or type of material as long as it is one suit. Squat briefs are allowed.

### 2. BENCH SHIRTS

Bench shirt sleeves may not cover the elbows. AMATEUR DIVISION – any number of layers is allowed. PROFESSIONAL DIVISION – any number of layers is allowed. There is no restriction on the thickness or type of material as long as it is one shirt. All referees may require that bench shirts deemed hazardous to the safety of the lifter be removed/replaced or adjusted on the body before the any lifting attempts take place. Men may wear a tee shirt or tank shirt under the bench shirt, though it is not required. Women must wear a sports bra, tee shirt or tank shirt under the bench shirt. No long sleeve shirts are allowed under a bench shirt.

The bench shirt (supportive) shall have material that covers the stomach and is capable of securing it to the lifter (material that wraps around the back). It shall have defined sleeves that are cylindrical in shape and defined chest area. The lifter shall have material that is capable of covering the deltoid area, armpits and lats. This can be separate and worn under the shirt in the form of a t-shirt if needed.

During the bench press a lifter's singlet must be worn in a way that allows the judges to have a clear view of the lifters glutes in contact with the bench. The straps of the singlet may be worn over or under the shirt as long as it does not impede with judging the lift.

In the AMATEUR DIVISON - the bench shirt collar shall not be pulled so low that the shirt exposes the front of the shoulder or the crease of the armpit. If the appropriate adjustments to the shirt are not made after a referee's request, the infraction will cause the lifter to lose his/her attempt.

PROFESSIONAL DIVISION – the bench shirt may be worn in any manner as long as the lifter demonstrates the ability to control the movement of the bar during the lift.

The bench shirt sleeve shall be set above the elbow and visible to all judges before, during, and after the lift is completed. If the shirt cannot be set above the elbow before the start of the lift, the lifter will return to the end of the flight and be allowed to take his/her attempt with the shirt pulled properly above the elbow.

Judges have the right to pull the barbell from any competitor for the safety of the lifter. The lifter has the right to return at the end of his/her flight and fully demonstrate that they can physically handle the attempted weight.

- **Socks -** There are no restrictions as long as they do not overlap the knee and they may not touch the knee wrap in the standing position. Contact in the down squat position is acceptable. Full-length leg stockings, pantyhose or tights are forbidden.
- **Tee shirts -** tank tops or any other type of short sleeve pullover shirt (sleeve is above the elbow) may be worn. Any emblem or logo may be displayed on a shirt as long as it is not obscene or profane.
- 5. A belt may be worn under the lifting suit as long as the buckle is flat and is not used to reduce the distance of the lift. There are no other restrictions, including material construction of the belt.
- **6. It is not required to wear shoes** during all lifts. Socks or deadlift slippers are considered acceptable footwear. No cleats or spikes are permitted.
- 7. Wrist wraps: Only one wrap is allowed on each wrist. Velcro wrist wraps with thumb strap may be worn. Thumb loops on wrist wraps must be removed from any finger before executing the lift. The wrist wrap may not be located more than 6 inches above the wrist. Wrist wraps may not touch the elbow.
- **8. Knee wraps**: Knee wraps may not touch the socks or the lifting suit in the standing or down position.
- **9. General Rules:** Wraps are not allowed to be worn anywhere else on the body with the exception of single layer neoprene elbow warmers in the squat and deadlift, *but not in the bench press*.
- 10. Competitors shall be briefed at the rules meeting regarding attire and equipment considered legal or illegal. There are no equipment checks. It is the responsibility of the lifter to attend the rules meeting to learn what is considered legal. The rules briefing shall begin as early as one (1) hour prior, but no later than 1/2 hour prior to the commencement of the competition.

### PERSONAL EQUIPMENT - For "RAW" Lifting

- **1.** A one-piece singlet must be worn for all meets except those earlier excluded.
- **2. Socks** There are no restrictions as long as they do not overlap the knee. Full-length leg stockings, pantyhose, and tights are forbidden.
- **3. Tee shirts** tank tops or any other type of short sleeve pullover shirt (sleeve is above the elbow) may be worn. Any emblem or logo may be displayed on a shirt as long as it is not obscene or profane.
- **4. A belt** must be worn on the outside of the lifting suit.
- **5.** It is NOT REQUIRED to wear shoes during all lifts. Socks or deadlift slippers are considered acceptable footwear. No cleats or spikes are permitted.
- **6.** Wrist wraps: Only one item is allowed on each wrist. Thumb loops on wrist straps must be removed from any finger before executing the lift. Wrist wraps may not touch the elbow.
- **7. Squat equipment is limited** to belt, knee wraps, knee sleeves, and wrist wraps. A single layer knee wrap can be worn (max. length 3 meters), but any combination of two or more may not be used. No support may be worn on the elbows or hips. **Deadlift equipment is limited** to a belt, wrist wraps and neoprene knee sleeves.
- **8. Bench equipment is limited** to belt and wrist wraps. No support may be worn on the elbows or chest
- **9.** Competitors shall be briefed at the rules meeting about legal attire and equipment. There will be no equipment checks. It is the responsibility of the lifter to attend the rules meeting to learn what is legal. The rules briefing shall begin as early as one (1) hour prior, but no later than 1/2 hour prior to starting the competition.

### **GENERAL RULES**

- 1. No foreign substance may be applied to the platform or equipment.
- 2. Spray stick-um may be used on the lifter's suit, shoes and wraps.
- 3. The use of oil, baby powder, grease or other lubricants on the body, suit or personal equipment is forbidden. Chalk, resin and magnesium carbonate (pool hall "block chalk") may be used.
- 4. Water may be used as lubrication for the deadlift only when provided by the Meet Director in a spray bottle.
- 5. Bars used on an active platform cannot be replaced during competition for any reason unless unanimously agreed upon by all lifters affected by the change of equipment.
- \*\*\*A referee MUST do a visual inspection of the lifter's uniform, attire and equipment, etc. after a successful world record attempt is made. The referee must check the lifter's equipment on the platform immediately following the lift. If the lifter is wearing illegal attire, the record will not count, and the attempt will be disqualified.

# THE POWER LIFTS AND THE RULES OF PERFORMANCE

**Rules of the Squat** 



- 1. The lifter must assume an upright position, knees locked, holding the bar horizontally across the posterior deltoids with the hands and/or fingers gripping the bar and the feet flat on the platform.
- 2. After removing the bar from the racks, the lifter may be assisted back to a start position if walking back the weight. If the lifter is not walking back the weight, then the lifter must establish his/her position without spotter assistance. The lifter will begin the downward movement **without** a referee signal as soon as the lifter demonstrates control and the bar is in the proper position.
- 3. The lifter must bend the knees and lower the body until the top of the thigh at the hip, NOT the hip joint, is lower than the top of the kneecap. Locking and unlocking the knees after demonstrating control of the weight is not defined as a descent. Knees must be locked at the start and completion of the lift. Only one descent per attempt is allowed.
- 4. The lifter must recover at will from the deepest point of the squat without double bouncing or any downward movement (stopping is allowed) to an upright position with the knees locked. If the lifter's feet move or if the lifter loses control before receiving the audible rack signal from the center judge, the lift is forfeited.
- 5. When the lifter demonstrates control, the referee will give the signal to replace the bar on the rack. The signal to replace the bar will consist of a backward motion of the hand and an audible command "RACK". The lifter must make a legitimate effort to return the bar to the rack. If the lifter loses his/her footing and drops the weight after receiving the rack signal and making a legitimate effort to return the bar to the rack, he/she will be granted the attempt. If the lifter deliberately drops or dumps the bar the lifter will be disqualified from the **competition.**
- 6. The lifter shall face the front of the platform.
- 7. There shall be no more than six (6) or fewer than two (2) spotters on the platform at any time.
- 8. If failure of an attempt is due to an error by one or more of the spotter/loaders, **the lifter will be given an additional attempt** at the same weight if he/she wishes.
- 9. The lifter may not hold the collars, sleeves, or plates at any time during the performance of the lift. The edge of the hands gripping the bar, however, may come in contact with the inner surface of the bar sleeve.
- 10. The lifter will be allowed one legitimate effort per attempt.
- 11. IPA World Records can be set or broken at any meet that has a board member or State Chairman judging the attempt. State Records can only be set or broken at the respective annual State Meet.

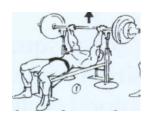
### **Causes for Disqualification**

- 1. Failure to observe the center referee's signals at the completion of the lift.
- 2. Double bouncing, more than one recovery attempt at the bottom of the lift or any downward movement once the ascent from the bottom of the lifts begins.
- 3. Failure to assume an upright position with the knees locked at the start and completion of the lift.

- 4. Failure to bend the knees and lower the body until the surface of the thigh at the hip is lower than the top of the kneecap.
- 5. Contact with the bar by the spotter/loaders between the beginning of the descent and the referee's signal, except where a lifter's safety is concerned.
- 6. Contact of the elbows or upper arms with the legs.
- 7. Failure to make a legitimate effort to return the bar to the racks.
- 8. Intentionally dropping or dumping the bar.

<u>General Rule:</u> The lifter may utilize his/her own rear spotter for the squat if requested. If a lifter's own spotter/s interfere with the judges' ability to see the lift being performed and accurately judge the lift, the lift will be disqualified. If the spotter/s at fault for impeding the judges' view is **platform personnel**, the lifter will be given another attempt. The additional attempt will be added to the end of the round or if following him/herself the lifter will be given no less than 3 minutes, no more than 8 minutes to attempt the weight.

# **Rules of the Bench Press**



- 1. The rack end of the bench press must be placed on the platform facing the center referee.
- 2. The lifter assumes a starting position on his/her back with head, shoulders, and buttocks in contact with the flat bench surface. His/her feet must be on the floor.
- 3. To achieve firm footing, the lifter may use plates or blocks to build up the surface of the platform. However, some part of the foot must remain in contact with the surface.
- 4. No more than six or fewer than two spotters/loaders shall be on the platform. The <u>lift-off must be</u> released at arms-length and NOT while moving down to the chest. If the lifter chooses, he may utilize his own hand-off person who may remain on the spotting platform acting as an additional spotter as long as the judges' view is not impeded.
- 5. The spacing of the hands shall not exceed 81 cm. (or 32 inches), measured between the forefingers. A reverse grip is permissible, providing the distance between the little fingers does not exceed 81 cm. No thumbless grip is allowed.
- 6. After receiving the bar at arms-length, the lifter shall lower the bar touching his chest in a controlled manner and await the referee's signal.
- 7. The signal is a vocal command of "PRESS" and is given when the center of the bar touches the chest in a controlled manner.

- 8. After the signal to commence the lift is given, the bar is pressed upward to straight arms-length, elbows locked, and held in control until the audible 'RACK" command is given. During the ascent, the bar may be extended unevenly (no more than 5 inches), but arms must extend to a locked-out position simultaneously and evenly at the completion of the lift.
- 9. The bar is allowed to stop in its upward motion, but is not allowed any downward movement.
- 10. Head movement is allowed which includes turning or raising the head.
- 11. The feet may move in any direction without penalty, but may not slide or lose contact with the floor.
- 12. The buttocks must remain in contact with the flat bench surface during the entire range of motion.
- 13. IPA World Records can be set or broken at any meet that has a board member or state chairman judging the attempt. State Records can only be set or broken at the respective annual State Meet.

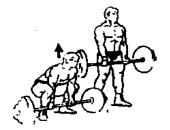
# **Causes for Disqualification**

- 1. Failure to observe the referee's signals at the commencement and completion of the lift.
- 2. Raising the buttocks from the bench press surface or losing foot contact with the floor.
- 3. Heaving or bouncing the bar off the chest (heaving or bouncing is defined as any excessive downward movement of the bar after the signal to "PRESS" is given).
- 4. Allowing the bar to sink into the chest after receiving the "PRESS" command.
- 5. Any uneven extension of the bar at the completion of the lift. An exception to this is if the lifter has demonstrated a legitimate physical handicap to the referees prior to the lift.
- 6. Any downward movement by either hand once the "PRESS" signal is given.
- 7. The bar may make incidental contact with the uprights and still be considered a good lift, however, if the lifter uses the uprights deliberately for leverage, the lift is disallowed.
- 8. Contact of the lifter's feet with any part of the bench.
- 9. Lifting of the bar by the spotter/loaders between the referee's PRESS and RACK signals.
- 10. It is the responsibility of the lifter to inform his hand-off person to clear the bench area in front of the referee. The hand-off person may remain on the platform but must move to the right or left side to provide a clear view for the judge. Failure to do so may be cause for disqualification of the lift. The hand-off person cannot follow the bar down and up after the liftoff even if his hands do not touch the bar.
- 11. "Soft Starts" in the Bench press are defined as follows:
  - A. Lifter fails to start with arms in fully "Locked" position prior to lowering bar to torso.
  - B. Lifter commences the lift with his handoff person's hands still on the bar.

C. Lifter's handoff person assists in lowering the bar into a more advantageous starting position thus bypassing the "Locked" starting position.

Upon the center referee witnessing a lifter committing one of these infractions, the referee disqualifies the lift and instructs the spotter to "take the bar". The scoring table is informed about the "soft start" infraction. The attempt is forfeited, and the lifter may continue if there are any attempts remaining.

# **Rules of the Deadlift**



- 1. The bar must be laid horizontally in front of the lifter's feet, gripped with both hands, and lifted upward in one movement until the lifter is standing erect. The bar is allowed to stop, but no downward movement is allowed. The lifter must face the front of the platform.
- 2. Upon completion of the lift, **the knees shall be locked in a straight position and the lifter shall be standing erect with hips locked**. The shoulders are not to be forward or rounded. The shoulders do not have to be thrust back past the erect position, although, if they are thrust back in such a manner and all other criteria is acceptable, the lift will be considered good.
- 3. The lifter must stay in this erect position with shoulders back and hips and knees locked until receiving the center referee's signal that is a downward motion of the hand and the audible command "DOWN". The signal will not be given until the bar is held under control and the lifter is in the finished position.
- 4. Any raising of the bar or deliberate legitimate attempt to do so will count as an attempt.

# **Causes for Disqualification**

- 1. Any downward movement of the bar during the upward movement during the lift.
- 2. Failure to stand erect with the shoulder and hips in an erect position.
- 3. Failure to lock the knee straight at the completion of the lift.
- 4. Supporting the bar on the thighs during the performance of the lift.
- 5. Lowering the bar before receiving the center referee's signal.
- 6. Allowing the bar to return to the platform without maintaining control with both hands or deliberately dropping the bar after the referee's signal.

### **General Rules of the Three Lifts**

- 1. After each attempt, the lifter will have two (2) minutes to submit his/her next attempt to the expediter or the scorer's table. Failure to do so may result in a forfeiture of that attempt.
- 2. The lifter will be granted two (2) minutes from the time the bar is announced "loaded" to initiate his/her

attempt. Failure to do so within that time period may result in forfeiture of that attempt.

- 3. If for any reason a lifter must follow himself/herself, the lifter will be granted a stated period of time by the executive in charge of no less than three (3) minutes and no more than eight (8) minutes. For World Record purposes on fourth attempts, the last five (5) lifters in the flight will be granted the same privileges as those "following themselves." Should another flight be scheduled to follow a flight with World Record 4th attempts, the Meet Director may choose to incorporate the 4th attempts into the following flight.
- 4. IPA World or All-Time Records can be set at any local meet *only* if an official IPA Board Member or State Chairman, and an International Referee are actively judging the platform. ALL TIME RECORDS ARE SUBJECT TO REVIEW BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR FINAL CERTIFICATION.

### WEIGHING IN

# 1. <u>IPA 24-Hour Rule</u>

The IPA has a rule that is optional at most competitions and mandatory at any National or World Championship competition. When using the 24-hour weigh-in rule, the first weigh-in session must begin 24 hours prior to the start time of the competition. Multiple weigh-in sessions allow each lifter an opportunity to weigh-in 24 hours in advance of the day he/she will be lifting. Weigh-in sessions may be of any duration and be broken up into several sessions at the discretion of the Meet Director. Weigh-in times must be specified on the entry blanks.

# 2. Weigh-In Procedures

- A. All lifters MUST present his/her current IPA card at weigh-ins. If in an age category, he/she must present proof of age and date of birth with a driver's license or birth certificate. It is a requirement that lifters present his/her IPA Membership Card during weigh-ins. IPA Membership Cards must be purchased in advance either online via PayPal or by downloading an entry form (www.ipapower.com) and mailing it to the address noted on the form. No IPA Membership Cards will be sold on-site.
- B. The lifter's IPA expiration date will be indicated on the lifter attempt card. All competitors meet must be current IPA cardholders, unless an exception is made prior to the meet by the IPA President. If a sanctioned meet allows non-IPA members to compete (without authorization by IPA President) the sanction for the meet could be voided and lifts not recognized by the IPA.
- **C.** The weigh-in card must include the following information:
  - 1. Lifter's name.
  - 2. Lifter's age or date-of-birth
  - 3. Weight class, division entered (Pro/Am, Raw/Equipped and subdivision/s.
  - 4. Lifter's actual body weight.
  - 5. Opening attempts.
  - 6. Rack height (when applicable).
  - 7. IPA membership expiration. Expires at the beginning of respective month.

Lifters must be weighed in the nude or in underwear. A man or woman may conduct weigh-ins if the scale is placed in a private, enclosed area with the scale readout located outside the private area ensuring the athlete's privacy. The weigh-in procedure ensures that all lifters are weighed-in by meet officials (or appointed non-

referee representatives). *General Rule*: If a lifter enters a certain weight class, steps on the scales and officially makes weight within the upper and lower limits of that class, they may NOT be re-weighed to make another weight class. *A LIFTER'S WEIGHT CANNOT BE ESTIMATED*. If such estimation of body weight is found to be true, all of the lifter's attempts will be forfeited.

### 3. In case of Lifter's Tie

If two lifters weigh the same at weigh-in and tie in their totals, the lifter weighing the lightest shall take first place and the heavier lifter second place. If the lifters weigh the same at the initial weigh-in, the lifters will be re-weighed and the lightest will take first place. If both lifters weigh the same after the re-weigh, the lifters will share first place and the person who would have regularly placed third will still be third and so on. If two lifters tie for first place, team scoring is computed by adding the first and second place points and dividing them equally.

### **ORDER OF COMPETITION**

# 1. The Meet Director appoints the following officials:

- A. Announcer
- B. Judges
- C. Expediters
- D. Score Keeper/s
- E. Spotters/Loaders

### 2. Progressive Loading

The lifter attempting the lightest weight is first. The bar cannot be reduced in weight once a lift is completed with the weight announced, except in rare situations. It is a necessity that the lifter or his/her coach observe the progressive loading of the bar and be ready for his/her attempt at the chosen weight.

### 3. Attempt Priority Rule

A lifter taking his/her first attempt must always precede lifters taking their second and third attempts with the same weight. Also, a lifter taking his second attempt must precede lifters taking his/her third attempts with the same weight. All first attempts must be taken in round #1, all second attempts in round #2, and all third attempts taken in round #3. Fourth attempts may be taken at the end of the third round. Fourth attempts may only be taken for purposes of setting world records in the Professional and Amateur Open divisions only. However, anyone attempting an "All-Time" World Record in any lift may have four attempts without successfully making one of the first three. It is at the discretion of the Meet Director when considering time constraints whether to allow world record fourth attempts in all other subdivisions. Fourth attempts may not be applied to the total or be considered as an attempt within a competition, but will count toward IPA World and "All Time" World Records.

### 4. Minimum Weight Increases Between Successful Attempts

In IPA sanctioned competitions, the weight of the barbell must always be a multiple of 5 lbs. (2.5 kg).

### Exception to this Rule:

**IPA records can be broken by a minimum of 2.5 lbs.** in excess of the current record. This record attempt must be taken in normal sequence of increasing weight during the competition, not at the completion of lifting. **All-Time Records can be broken by a minimum of 1.1 lbs.** 

# 5. Loading Errors or Incorrect Announcements by Speaker

- 1. If the bar is loaded to a lighter weight than originally requested and the attempt is successful, the lifter may accept the successful attempt or elect to take the attempt again at the weight originally requested. If the lifter chooses to re-take the attempt, he/she will be placed in rotation at the end of the round.
- 2. If the bar is loaded to a heavier weight than originally requested and the attempt is successful, the lifter will be credited with the attempt. However, the weight may be reduced again if required by other lifters. If the attempt is not successful, the lifter will be granted another attempt at the original weight at the end of the round.
- 3. If the loading is not equal on each side, or if any changes occur on the bar or discs during the lift and the lift is not successful, the lifter will be granted another attempt at the original weight requested. If the announcer fails to announce a lifter at the appropriate weight, then the weight on the bar shall be reduced as necessary and the lifter will be allowed to take the attempt.

# 6. General Rules and Reasons for Disqualification

- 1. A lifter shall not adjust equipment or wrap knees and wrists within the vicinity of the platform. Only the belt may be adjusted.
- 2. Three unsuccessful attempts in any lift will automatically eliminate a lifter from the competition. If a lifter set a record in one of the other lifts prior to being eliminated and the proper officials were present, the lifter will be granted the record in that lift if the lifter registered for crossovers.
- 3. Upon completion of a lift, the lifter has 30 seconds to leave the platform. Failure to comply after being warned will result in disqualification of the lift.
- 4. If a lifter suffers an injury, the official doctor will examine the injury. If the doctor considers it inadvisable to continue, the lifter must retire from the competition. If no doctor is present, the referees or Meet Director will determine if the lifter can continue.
- 5. Any lifter or coach who by reason of misconduct on or near the competition platform is likely to discredit the sport shall receive one official warning. If the misconduct continues, the referees will disqualify the lifter and order the coach to leave the venue. This rule applies even if it is the lifter's last lift of the day at a competition. Any lifter who strikes an official or any other individual at a competition will be permanently banned from all IPA competition. Any lifter who causes a disruption that seriously interferes with efficient operation of a competition or interferes with lifters preparing for a lift will be suspended from competition for a period determined by the IPA President.
- 6. Any certified IPA referee who through his/her actions is obviously showing favoritism or bias towards a lifter will be permanently suspended as an IPA referee.
- 7. If a lifter assaults an official, competitor or spectator, the Meet Director shall notify the IPA in writing within three days of the incident. A written complaint should include the name/s and the lifter/s involved.

# 8. Ramifications of "Cheating"

If it is determined that a lifter has "artificially" shortened the path needed to perform a lift or changed the shape of his/her anatomy by using foreign objects under or inside his allowed apparel he/she will suffer the following consequences:

- **A.** Any lifter competing in an IPA sanctioned event will be immediately removed from the competition, all lifts will be voided, and the lifter will be suspended for a period of 1 year.
- **B.** If the lifter is competing in a Pro/Am event where prize money is awarded, in addition to being removed from competition and lifts being voided, the lifter WILL BE SUSPENDED FOR LIFE.

### REFEREES

### 1. <u>Designation of Platform Referees</u>

There are three platform referees: one center referee and two side referees.

### 2. Referee Qualifications

International and National Referees must have a minimum of 5 years competitive experience in powerlifting. State and Local Referees must have a minimum of 3 years of competitive experience in powerlifting. Referees must be a current member of the IPA and have passed the written and practical tests.

### 3. <u>Duties of the Center Referee</u>

The center referee is responsible for giving the necessary signals for all three lifts. The center referee may disqualify a squat for depth *ONLY* if the depth achieved by the lifter is flagrantly high.

### 4. Positioning of the Platform Referees During a Lift

Side referees may seat themselves in what they consider to be the best viewing positions around the platform for each of the three lifts. The center referee is located in the center of the platform only.

### 5. Referee - Spotter Cooperation

Referees should position themselves in the best viewing position possible. As the lift is in progress, the rear and side spotters must position themselves so each referee has a clear view of the lifter. The lifter may utilize his/her own rear spotter for the squat if requested. If the lifter's own spotter/s interfere with the judges' ability to see the lift being performed and accurately judge the lift, the lift will be disqualified. If the spotter/s at fault for impeding the judges' view are part of the platform personnel, the lifter will be given another attempt.

### 6. Specific Areas of Responsibility of Judging for Referees

All three-platform officials are responsible for judging all aspects of the lifter and the lift on the platform. It is obvious that the center referee, from the position at the front of the platform, is in a position that makes it more difficult to judge some aspects of a lift compared to the side referees.

### 7. Duties of the Referees (See page 17 for Rules and Regulations for Meet Directors)

### A. Prior to the Contest

- 1. The platform and equipment must comply in all respects with the rules.
- 2. The scales must work correctly and are certified accurate within the last 12 months.
- 3. Assure that weigh-ins be conducted legally and properly.
- 4. Assure that a thorough rules briefing is conducted prior to the time that lifting starts.

# **B.** During the Contest

- 1. The weight of the loaded bar agrees with the weight announced by the speaker. At least one referee should be issued a loading chart.
- 2. During the meet, if any referee has reason to doubt a lifter's integrity (in respect to intentional use of invalid equipment or attire to give them unfair advantage over other competitors), it is to be called to the other referee's attention and the lifter will then be inspected. If the infraction is major, the lifter will be disqualified from the competition. If the infraction is minor, the lifter will be warned.

# 8. Procedure of a Referee Seeing a Fault in a Lift

The referee will interpret the fault through lights only at the end of the lift. He may not influence other referees at any time, unless he interprets the fault as being dangerous to the lifter or spotters. Any valid IPA member has the right to lodge a formal complaint with the Home Office regarding misconduct, bad refereeing, or any infraction they may have been involved in or witness to at any IPA sanctioned meet. The Home Office will accept complaints issued using the official IPA Complaint Form (available online at <a href="https://www.IPAPower.com">www.IPAPower.com</a>).

### 9. Procedure for a lifter to be Informed of Infractions

A lifter receiving red lights may approach a referee only at the completion of his/her current lift and at no other time. The referee shall inform the lifter of the infraction in a brief manner so as to not break the flow of the meet.

### 10. Non-Influence of Referees Toward Each Other

A referee should not attempt to influence the decision of the other referees. No conditions should interfere with fair judgment of all lifters. Absolutely no favoritism will be tolerated. All lifting attempts are to be judged equally. To ensure fair judging, any sitting referee who is an IPA Board Member can overturn another referee's judgment if the Board Member deems the call flagrantly unfair.

# 11. Acceptable Referee Communication

Referees may consult with each other or any other official to expedite the competition or to correct faults. Consultations should be kept brief and not interfere with the progression of the competition. The lifter will never be penalized by an official's error and will always receive the benefit of corrections.

### 12. Referee Dress Code

Referees will be required to wear the official referee shirt provided by the IPA.

### 13. **IPA Chain of Command**

The **IPA Chairman/CEO** has the power to supplement or change the rules in this Rulebook if situations arise and are undefined in this Rule Book. He will make final judgments should the Executive Committee be unable to settle a discrepancy. The **Executive Board Members** have the final decision in all discrepancies. They are the governing body for the *IPA*. The **Executive Referees** are responsible for testing new referees and have final decisions in all meet situations, unless an Executive Board Member is present and is needed to help settle a discrepancy. They are also responsible as described in the prior two (2) pages. The **International Referees** are responsible as described in the prior two (2) pages. The **Meet Director** is responsible for the general flow of the competition, selection of referees and other meet staff. The Meet Director is also included in any consultation regarding a discrepancy during the competition. The Meet Director is also responsible for sending meet results to Fred Fischer @fischerfinancialservices.com).

### 14. General Conditions Required for Setting IPA Records

Records can be set at local meets only if a board member is judging. At national qualifying meets and World Championships or affiliated federations, world records will be accepted without weighing the barbell after the lift. At this level of competition, the weights must be weighed and marked before the competition begins eliminating unnecessary stops during the competition.

### 15. Requirements for Registration of State Records

IPA State Records can be broken or set once per year at the annual State Meet in the member's respective state. Records can be set or broken only by residents of the state in which the State Meet is held. This meet will be called the designated state's STATE POWERLIFTING MEET.

# Requirements for Registration of All-Time World Records and IPA Records

IPA World Records can be broken or set at the IPA Worlds and Nationals. Records can be broken or set at IPA sanctioned local meets only if a board member or State Chairman is actively judging and qualified referees are present.

# **Special Requirements for All-Time World Records**:

- **A.** Any lifter entering competition with the intention of breaking an All-Time Record must contact the Meet Director 30 days in advance of the competition. The Meet Director must contact the respective State Chairman who will in turn contact the home office for approval by the IPA President. All-Time World Records must be approved by the Home Office for local meets. All-Time World Records can be broken at any World or National events without Home Office approval.
- **B.** In local meets, all weights being used for an All-Time Record attempt must be certified by the State Chairman.
- **C.** All-Time World Records must be videoed with (2) videos as visual record in case the legitimacy of a lift is questioned. If the judgment of a lift is questioned, the IPA Board of Directors, the State Chairman and the Meet Director will review the lift and determine its legitimacy.
- 1) A lifter may request a fourth attempt in each lift to set or break an IPA Record when the lifter successfully accomplishes one of the first three attempts in the record lift he/she is trying to set or break (either the squat, bench or dead lift).

- 2) All referees must be registered as IPA referees and have a current membership with the Association.
- 3) A lifter may set a world record or other record for an individual lift at a full power meet. If the lifter makes it known that they are not competing for an award and wishes to set an individual lift record, with proper officials present, they may do so without having to take token attempts in the other lifts.
- 4) If the lifter competing in a full power meet sets an individual lift record, but is disqualified from the competition because he/she fails to make the three attempts in the other lifts, he/she will <u>not</u> retain the record he/she set in the individual lift.
- 5) The lifter must fill out a record request form. The form must be filled out completely and mailed to the IPA 30 days before the next IPA event. This requirement must be explained to the lifters at the rules meeting.
- 6) No fourth attempts for records may be included in the total within the competition. They qualify for records only whether a squat, bench, dead lift or total.
- 7) All weights must weigh exactly as they are marked.

### **INSURANCE**

The IPA and its sponsors do not provide accident, medical or liability insurance for lifters, spectators, or officials at meets or organized training sessions. It is the responsibility of the Meet Directors to secure insurance. The IPA assumes no liability for injury, damages, personal losses or death resulting at a meet. **Proof of insurance must be provided when applying for a meet sanction.** The IPA offers a Meet Director the access to meet insurance for \$250.00 dollars a day.

### **SANCTIONING COMPETITIONS**

For a sanction to be granted, the Meet Director must apply for the sanction at least 4 weeks prior to the date of the competition. There should be no other IPA competitions in the area on the date of the competition. The sanction fee for all meets is \$150 and must accompany a Sanction Request Form. The meet director must send the form and check to his State Chair. If there is not a State Chair, the director must send his form and check to the VP of State Chairs. All competitors at IPA sanctioned events must be IPA members. The Meet Director must submit the results from the meet to the Home Office within 5 days of the competition date.

### FORMULA USED IN COMPETITIONS

The official formula utilized to determine overall best lifter awards at any IPA sanctioned competition shall be the Schwartz Formula for men and the Malone Formula for women. The Schwartz Master's Formula shall be used for lifters 40 years of age and older.

# AMATEUR DRUG TESTING PROCEDURE

The IPA has two divisions: *Professional and Amateur* so all lifters can co-exist under the umbrella of one Association. The **Professional Division**: Standard lifting rules apply (*please see Personal Equipment section of Rule Book*). The division is open to anyone who wants to enter as a Professional, no matter what he or she totals. The *Pro Division* has its own world and state records. Records will be kept in all subdivisions, except for Special Olympics.

### **DIVISIONS**

Amateur Division: Standard lifting rules apply (please see Personal Equipment section of Rule Book). The division is open to anyone who wants to enter the Amateur division, no matter what he or she totals. It is a 100% Drug Free Division. Any lifter breaking or setting an Open Amateur IPA World Record and/or wins a Best Lifter Award at any meet will be eligible for random drug testing by urinalysis.

Lifters will be tested for anabolic steroids through the use of urinalysis. Testing will be random and chosen by the Meet Director. Lifters can be tested at any time during the meet at the Meet Director's discretion. An Amateur lifter must be prepared to provide a sample of his/her urine after competing if randomly chosen (there is no charge for the Amateur Division lifters unless the test results are positive). To protect the integrity of the drug test, the urine sample must be processed by the appropriate official.

If urinalysis test results are negative, the Meet Director will absorb the cost of the drug test. If urinalysis test results are positive, the lifter will be responsible for all expenses associated with the drug test. Subsequently, all of the lifter's records and accomplishments to date will be disqualified, and the lifter will be suspended from IPA competition for life.

If the lifter enters a meet as an *Amateur* and totals a *Professional* total, he/she will be classified as an Amateur pending the results of drug testing by urinalysis. Amateur records set or broken are pending drug test results. *Amateur* records will be kept in all subdivisions.

Note: Any lifter that successfully completes a world record as an amateur must personally pay for a drug test at a cost of \$100.

### IPA PROFESSIONAL CLASSIFICATION TOTALS (EQUIPPED AND RAW)

MEN'S DIVISIONS Professional				<u>WOMEN'S DI</u> Professional	WOMEN'S DIVISIONS Professional				
WEIGHT	<u>EQUIPPED</u>		<u>UNEQUIPPED</u>		WEIGHT	<b>EQUIPPED</b>		<u>Unequipped</u>	
CLASS	Pro	<b>M</b> *	Raw	Raw	CLASS	Pro	M*	Raw	Raw
			Pro	<b>M</b> *				Pro	$\mathbf{M}^*$
114	1085	976	904	850	97	680	612	543	491
123	1210	1090	984	904	105	732	659	581	529
132	1300	1170	1059	974	114	790	711	623	567
148	1450	1305	1185	1087	123	857	771	665	604
165	1580	1422	1298	1190	132	895	805	703	637
181	1692	1523	1396	1279	148	953	858	773	702
198	1780	1602	1471	1354	165	1027	924	853	759
220	1875	1687	1551	1476	181	1192	1073	895	815
242	1940	1746	1607	1497	198	1149	1034	960	871
275	2000	1800	1654	1518	198+ (SHW)	1260	1134	1012	918
308	2040	1836	1728	1594					
SHW	2085	1876	1748	1614				*M -	Master

### IPA MEET DIRECTOR RULES AND REGULATIONS

- The IPA Board of Directors reserves the right to revoke a sanction if IPA Rules and Regulations are not followed per the IPA Rule Book. All Board members must be in agreement. If a meet sanction is revoked, the IPA will reimburse an IPA membership at a pro-rated rate at the members' request. No meet will be added to the IPA Calendar of Events without an approved sanction by the IPA Executive Committee. All forms and sanction fees must be received by the Home Office before the ipapower.com Calendar will be updated to include a new meet.
- 2) All full contests must begin by 10 am; all single and double lift meets must begin by 11 am.
- 3) Meet Directors will not participate in the meet as a lifter or coach unless approved by the IPA Chairman. They may judge or spot if needed.
- 4) <u>Daily Maximum Number of Competitors:</u>
  - *Single platform, full power meets*: 70 lifters maximum per day. If 50 or more lifters in a day, the lifting schedule may be broken into a morning and afternoon session.
  - **Double platform, full power meets**: 100 lifters maximum per day. If 50 or more lifters in a day, the lifting schedule may be broken into a morning and afternoon session.
  - *Single lift meets*: 100 lifters maximum per day. If 50 or more lifters in a day, the lifting schedule may be broken into a morning and afternoon session.
- 5) Meet Directors will not use their position to influence the judges' decisions.
- 6) Meet Directors will not use foul or abusive language toward any official, lifter or fan.
- 7) Competitors or coaches are the only people who are able to dispute judgments made by the judges.
- 8) Meet Directors must send meet results in an Excel format to Fred Fischer (ffischer@fischerfinancialservices.com) no later than 5 days after said meet by email or mailing a hard copy. Foreign meet results must be converted from kilos to pounds. The format must meet Open Powerlifting's current format.
- 9) Meet Directors will show no favoritism toward any participant, team, or coach.
- 10) Music may be played as long as it does not impede the judges' ability to judge. All music played must be limited in terms of profanity.
- Lifters are allowed to warm-up on the competition platform when necessary to expedite warming up for local and state meets. However, no lifter is allowed to warm up on the platform during the World and National competitions.
- 12) At the discretion of the IPA President, the Meet Director is responsible for reimbursing the attending IPA Representative his/her travel expenses (gas and lodging) at the completion of the meet before the IPA Representative departs.
- All flights and lifter attempts will be posted when the competition days' morning weigh-ins are finished. The size of the flight is up to the Meet Director's discretion. However, ideally, flights should consist of not more than 15 lifters or fewer than 10 lifters.
- 14) Meet Directors must provide a list of equipment that will be available on the competition platform

and in the warm-up area. The list of equipment must include all borrowed equipment and the name of the person from whom the equipment will be borrowed. This is required before a meet sanction will be granted.

- 15) Meet Directors will provide chalk to lifters in the warm-up area and on the platform.
- All lifting bars used must be of the highest quality and be the same type of bars that are used in the warm-up area.
- All lifting platforms must be large enough to accommodate the lifter, spotters and equipment safely; ideally 12 ft. x 12 ft. Platforms may be constructed of plywood or hard (low compression) rubber mats covered by a full-loop, low pile rug or non-slip rubber.
- Any lifter that enters a meet without a valid IPA membership card will have to pay \$135 at the meet for his result and world record to be counted.

### **SPOTTER REQUIREMENTS**

- 1) Spotters must demonstrate the ability to hand spot the loaded bar weight.
- 2) Spotters must be hand-picked by the Meet Director to protect the lifter from injury.
- 3) Competitors must understand that he/she assumes responsibility for any possible injury.
- 4) Competitors are allowed to use their own spotter in addition to the Meet Director's spotters.
- 5) Meet Directors must consult with an IPA Board Member prior to their meet date regarding their spotter availability and capability.

Failure to follow any of the <u>Meet Director Rules and Regulations</u> will result in the sanction being revoked and the Meet Director being suspended from receiving a sanction for the period of one year.